

**THIRD TERM TEST - 2021**

**GRADE 10 – Islam**

**PART 1** (1 x 40 = 40 Marks)

1. The highest degree of Iman is to believe that there is no god and the lower degree is
2. Respecting the teacher (2) Protecting the chastity

(3) Praying for the parents (4) Removing harmful objects from the streets

1. A life which is secluded of all desires is called
2. Thawakkul (2) Zuhd (3) Ikhlas (4) Thasawwuf
3. A sub source of Islamic law which is based on wellbeing of man
4. Maslaha Mursala (2) Isthishab (3) Isthihsan (4) Kawlus Sahabi
5. Final Aththahiyath is called
6. Ifthirash (2) Juloos (3) I’thidal (4) Thawarruk
7. Du’aul Ifthiha is recited
8. In Sujood (2) In between the 2 sujoods (3) After the 1st Thakbeer (4) In Ruku
9. The way that Islam has approved for solving modern problems is
10. Da’wa (2) Election (3) Ijthihad (4) Mashoora
11. The term that refers to the legal decision during the process of Qiyas is
12. Hukum (2) Illath (4) Al Fara’u (4) Asl
13. Janabath refers to
14. Very pure (2) Pure (3) Greater impurity (4) Impure
15. The word that means self assessment is
16. Musabaha (2) Mularaba (3) Mudharaba (4) Muhasaba
17. Select the group that indicates the correct sequence of matching A with B

**A** **B**

1. Urf A. To protect the welfare of the people
2. Maslaha Mursala B. Continuing to be steadfast on anything that is accepted

or rejected

1. Al Isthihsan C. Considerable amount of people follow certain habits

and practices

1. Isthishaab D. To deem something as nice or good to regard something

as right

1. DBCA (2) BCAD (3) CADB (4) CABD
2. Sab-u-Muallakath means?
3. Clans (2) Guardian (3) Hanging poems (4) Literature
4. The King of Habasha who gave protection to the Muslims is
5. King Namrudh (2) King Najjashi (3) King Faisal (4) Sulthan Abdul Hameed
6. The peace treaty at Hudaibiya was signed in the
7. 7th year of Hijri (2) 11th year of Hijri (3) 8th year of Hijri (4 6th year of Hijri
8. Thabauth Thabiyeens are the
9. The generation of people who lived with Prophet (Sal)
10. The generation who came after the Sahabas
11. The generation that followed the Thabiyeens
12. None of the above
13. The national marriage system of the high class tribes was called
14. Nikah Salih! (2) Nuth-aa (3) Baain (4) Bidaee
15. Which wife of Prophet (Sal) preserved the compiled copy of the Quran?
16. Ayesha (Rali) (2) Saffiya (Rali) (3) Hafsa (Rali) (4) Fathima (Rali)
17. The biggest problem faced during the Khilafath of Abu Bakr (Rali) was
18. Emergence of false Prophets (2) Attack of foreigners

( 3) The drought in the country (4) Rise of people against the khilafath

1. The Sahabi who learned the language of Hebrew and headed the committee in compiling the Quran

was

1. Abdullah Bin Abbas (Rali) (2) Aysha Binth Abu Bakr (Rali)

(3) Zaid bin Sabith (Rali) (4) Ali Ibnu Abl Thalib (Rali)

1. During the battle of Tabuk which Sahabi gave away all his properties on charity.
2. Abu Bakr (Rali) (2) Uzman (Rali) (3) Ali (Rali) (4) Khalid bin Waleed (Rali)
3. Imarath means
4. Worship (2) Slaughter

(3) Enriching the land (4) Maintain in the word as a representative as Allah

21. The Imam who introduced Qiyas as one of the fundamental sources of Islamic law is,

1. Imam Ahamad (rah) 2. Imam Malik (rah)

3. Imam Shafi (rah) 4. Imam Abu Haneefa (rah)

22. The field in which Imam Buhari (rah) was famous is,

1. Thafseer 2. Hadees

3. History 4. Medicine

23. The way that Islam has approved for solving the modern problems is,

1. Election 2. Shoora

3. Ijthihad 4. Da’wa

24. Those who were pioneers to introduce Islam in Sri Lanka are,

1. Sahabas 2. Arab rulers

3. Arab traders 4. The saints

25. The two cities which were famous for the Islamic civilization are,

1. Makeh and Madeena 2. Kufa and Basara

3. Cairo and Delhi 4. Cordowa & Baghdad

26. Those who are know as ‘Ahlus sunnah wal – Jamath’ are,

1. Who do not give importance for imam and actions.

2. Who consider Imam and actions equal.

3. Who give importance for actions then imam

4. Who give importance for imam than for actions

27. The khalifa who felt that Hadith should be preserved in the same way as khelita Umar Ibn khattah

felt for the preservation of the Quran is,

1. Abubak (rali) 2. Umer Ibn abdul Aziz

3. Muamth (rali) 4. Ali iln Abu Talib (rali)

28. A group which is entitled to receive zakat is,

1. Ahlul Bayt 2. Murtad

3. Non Muslims 4. Muallatatul Qulub

29. The Hijri year in which fasting is presented is

1. One 2. Two 3. Three 4. Four

30. If one dies, the first priority in relation to the duties of his janaza is,

1. To wash the Janaza 2. To Kafan the Janaza

3. To conduct Janaza prayers 4. To pay the debts of the Janaza

31. A - Mosque built by a muslim and gave as waqt

B - The home he has constructed

C - The education he has imparted

D - The shop in which he did his business among the above list, those that benefit a muslim even

after his death

1. A and B 2. A and C 3. B and C 4. D and B

32. According to a prophetic statement the Asar prayer of one who performs it at the time of the sunset

is,

1. Prayer of a Mummin 2. Prayer of a Mushrik

3. Prayer of a Murtadd 4. Prayer of a Munafiq

33. Kitab – Ul – ummu is a book compiled by,

1. Imam Abu Hannifa (rah) 2. Imam shafi (rah)

3. Imam Malik (rah) 4. Imam Ahamed Ibu Hanbal (rah)

34. The first woman accept Islam is,

1. Khadija (rali) 2. Ayesha (rali)

3. Sawda (rali) 4. Hafsa (rali)

35. Among the sahabas one who exercised Ijtihad is,

1. Abu Huraira (rali) 2. Abubakr (rali)

3. Abdullah Ibnu Abbas (rali) 4. Uthman (rali)

36. The Imam known by the special title “Alimul Quraish” is,

1. Imam Abu Haniffa (rah) 2. Imam Shafi (rah)

3. Imam Malik (rah) 4. Imam Ahamed Ibu Hanbal (rah)

37. At – Thaharat is,

1. Pure water 2. Impure water 3. Purity 4. Very pure water

38. The prayer in which Qunut is made sunnat,

1. Asar 2. Thahajjud 3. Subah 4. Luhar

39. That act which is lawful but Allah hates it very much is,

1. Shirk 2. Murdering 3. Kabaair 4. Thalaq

40. An Ibadah performed by the wealth is,

1. Kalima 2. Salat 3. Haj 4. Zakath

**Part II**

Answer question No. 1 and four other questions

1. (i) Mention the two secondary sources of Shareeath

(ii) What is meant by Thartheebuth Thilawath and Thartheebun Nusul?

(iii) Why is it called as Aamul Huzum?

(iv) Write a Hadees on the importance of Sunnah

(v) Explain the Arabic terms kabila and Assabiyya

(vi) Describe briefly how Prophet (Sal) preached islam during the 1st three years?

(vii) What did Imam Gazzali say about the seerah of Holy Prophet (Sal)?

(viii) Name the people who were boycotted by the Quraish? And what place is it?

(ix) What is Al-Hukm?

(x) Give some examples of Al Ma’uth Thahur **(2 x 10 = 20 Marks)**

2. (i) What did Huzaifa Al Yamani inform Usman (Rali)? **(2 Marks)**

(ii) What are the divisions of Al Maun Thaur? And give their meanings. **(3 Marks)**

(iii) Briefly explain how to clean ourselves from grave imparities and minor impurities.

**(5 Marks)**

3. (i) What led to the compilation of the Holy Quran during the period of Abu Bakr (Rali)

**(2 Marks)**

(ii) Briefly explain what is meant by Tauba, Wara’u and Zuhd **(3 Marks)**

(iii) Write the method of cleaning.

1. Tolerable Najis **(1 Mark)**
2. Najis falling into curd **(2 Marks)**
3. Urine of dog **(2 Marks)**

04. i. What are the merits of Salah?

ii. Mention about those who are not entitled to received Zakath.

iii. Prepare a list of the days in which fasting is sunnah.

05. i. What are the duties of parents towards their children?

ii. Mention the duties of a wife for her husband.

iii. What are the conditions needed for a Nikkah.

06. i. Mention the benefits of the Haj.

ii. Mention the important points included in the last sermon of the prophet (sal).

iii. What are the important conditions included in Hudaibiyya agreement?

07. i. What are the conditions that should be observed in the dress of a Muslim Male?

ii. Explain why a Muslim must eat only Halal things

iii. Arrange in sequence Mahramies for a Muslim in respect of Marriage.